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1 (Sem-5/FYUGP) PHY03MJ

2025

**PHYSICS**

(Major)

Paper : PHY0500304

**(Heat and Thermodynamics)**

Full Marks : 45

Time : 2 hours

**The figures in the margin indicate  
full marks for the questions.**

1. Answer the following questions :  $1 \times 5 = 5$
- (a) Define the state variables of a thermodynamic system.
  - (b) Define Thermodynamic equilibrium of a thermodynamic system.
  - (c) Why the real gas equation deviates from ideal gas equation ?
  - (d) State the third law of thermodynamics.
  - (e) What is Brownian motion ?

2. Answer *any five* of the following :

2×5=10

- (a) Define Mean, RMS and most probable speed of a gas.
- (b) Calculate the root mean square velocity of air molecules at N.T.P.  
(Given, density of air =  $1.293 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ).
- (c) What are degrees of freedom? State the law of equipartition of energy in a gas.
- (d) Distinguish between reversible and irreversible process.
- (e) State the second law of thermodynamics in terms of entropy.
- (f) Draw the temperature-Entropy diagram of a Carnot Cycle.
- (g) A certain amount of gas at temperature  $27^\circ\text{C}$  is compressed adiabatically to half of its volume. Calculate the new temperature of the gas. Given,  $\gamma = 1.4$  and  $2^{0.4} \approx 1.32$ .
- (h) Is internal energy of a thermodynamic system a state function? Explain.
- (i) Explain why a heat engine can't be more than 100% efficient.

(j) State the Clausius inequality in thermodynamics.

(k) Mention *two* main limitations of Van der Waal's Equation of State for real gas.

3. Answer the following : (*any four*)

5×4=20

- (a) Obtain an expression for work done during an adiabatic process.
- (b) What is the physical significance of entropy? Show that the entropy of system remains unchanged during a reversible process.
- (c) A Carnot engine is working between steam and ice temperature of water. If the temperature of the source is increased by 10%, calculate the change in its efficiency.
- (d) Obtain the relation between  $C_p$  and  $C_v$  using first law of Thermodynamics.
- (e) Obtain the expression for reduced equation of state for a real gas. Also write down the law of corresponding state.
- (f) Explain Joule-Thomson porous plug experiment.

(g) Write down the physical significance of *four* thermodynamic potentials.

(h) Deduce Maxwell's *three* TdS equations of Thermodynamics.

4. Answer the following : (**any one**)  $10 \times 1 = 10$

(a) Deduce the expression for Van der Waal's Equation of State for a real gas. Obtain Van der Waal's constants in terms of critical constants.  $6 + 4 = 10$

(b) Define Kelvin's absolute thermodynamic scale of temperature. Show that the Kelvin's absolute thermodynamic scale of temperature is identical with the perfect gas scale of temperature.  $5 + 5 = 10$

(c) Obtain Clausius-Clapirron equation using Maxwell's first thermodynamic relation. Water boils at  $99.5^\circ\text{C}$  and  $100.5^\circ\text{C}$  when the atmospheric pressures are  $74.650$  and  $77.371\text{cm}$  of mercury respectively. Calculate the volume of  $1\text{gm}$  of steam at  $100^\circ\text{C}$  the latent heat being  $540\text{cal./gm}$ .  $5 + 5 = 10$

(d) Write short notes on :  $5 + 5 = 10$

(i) Brownian Motion and

(ii) Andrew's experiment on  $\text{CO}_2$