3 (Sem-3/CBCS) CHE HC 2

2023

CHEMISTRY

(Honours Core)

Paper: CHE-HC-3026

(Organic Chemistry-II)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer the following questions: $1 \times 7 = 7$
 - (a) Arrange the following in increasing order of basicity $(CH_3)_2 CHO^{\Theta}$, PhO^{Θ} , CH_3O^{Θ} , OH
 - (b) Draw the energy profile diagram of $E \mid CB$ mchanism of β -elimination reaction.

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(c) Which one of the following bridged bicyclic compounds will exhibit Keto-Enol tautomerism.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H & Me \\ O & Me \\ Me & Me \\ I & II \end{array}$$

- (d) DMF and DMSO favours S_N 2 reaction although they are polar solvents. Explain.
- (e) Potassium t butoxide is a widely used base in organic reactions but the corresponding sodium compound is unknown. Give reason.
- (f) Why is thioethanol more acidic than ethanol?
- (g) Name the reagent that can be used to convert Cis-2-butene to racemic 2,3-butanediol.

- 2. Answer the following questions: 2×4=8
 - (a) Arrange the following compounds in increasing boiling point and give reason for your answer.
 n-hexanol, n-butanol and t-butanol
 - (b) Between $CH_3CH_2CH_2Cl$ and CH_3OCH_2Cl , which would react faster in S_N1 solvolysis. Explain.
 - (c) The phenols shown have approximate pKa value of 4, 7, 9 and 11. Suggest with explanation which pKa value belong to which phenol:

(d) Arrange the following carboxylic acid derivatives in order of increasing reactivity towards hydrolysis reaction and justify your answer:

R-COOR', RCONH2, RCOCl

- 3. Answer any three questions: 5×3=15
 - (a) Write the mechanism of Benzoin condensation. Explain why p-dimethylaminobenzaldehyde fails to undergo benzoin condensation but when mixed with benzaldehyde the condensation occurs.

 3+2=5
 - (b) (i) Explain why alcohols are weaker acids than phenols but phenols are stronger nucleophiles. 2
 - (ii) Provide the required reagents and conditions for the following conversion: 1½×2=3

$$\longrightarrow$$
 OH \longleftarrow \longrightarrow OH

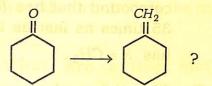
(c) (i) Predict the major product of the following reaction and explain its formation mechanistically. 3

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
OH & OH \\
\hline
Ph & CH_3
\end{array}$$

- (ii) How do you carry out the following conversion? 2 $CH_3CH_2 C \equiv CH \longrightarrow CH_3CH_2CH_2CHO$
- (d) (i) Why are vinylic and aryl halides unreactive towards both $S_N 1$ and $S_N 2$ reactions?
 - (ii) The rate equation of $S_N 2$ reaction Θ $CH_3Br + OH \longrightarrow CH_3OH + Br \Theta$ Rate = $k[CH_3Br][OH]$ What type of changes are expected in the rates of the reaction if
 - (a) the concentration of each of the reactants is made double?
 - (b) the concentration of CH_3Br is made half?
- (e) (i) What is ortho effect? Explain, why almost all ortho substituted benzoic acids are stronger acid than benzoic acids? 1+2=3
 - (ii) How can you convert: 2 $RCH_2COOH \longrightarrow RCH COOH ?$ $RCH_2COOH \longrightarrow RCH COOH ?$

- 4. Answer any three questions: 10×3=30
 - (a) (i) What is lucas reagent? How is it used to distinguish between 1°, 2° and 3° alcohols? 1+2=3
 - (ii) Methyl chloromethyl ether is readily hydralysed by water to HCH = 0 and CH₃OH but CH₃OCH₂CH₂Cl does not.
 Explain.
 - (iii) Picric acid liberates CO_2 from aqueous Na_2CO_3 but phenol does not. Explain.
 - (iv) Give the products of Reimen-Tiemann reaction on p-Cresol. Explain the reaction with mechanism.
 - (b) (i) Write the mechanism of Michael addition reaction.
 - (ii) What is Wittig reagent?

(iii) How will you convert



Write the mechanism of the reaction involved.

- (iv) Write the significance of Wittig reaction.
- (v) What do you mean by ylides? 1
- (c) (i) Both O- and m-bromo misole give the same product on treatment with NaNH₂ in liq.NH₃. Account for the observation with appropriate mechanism. 5
 - (ii) Write down the mechanism of the following reaction:

$$\begin{array}{c} R \\ O_2N \longrightarrow Br + H\ddot{N} \\ \\ R \\ \\ O_2N \longrightarrow N \end{array}$$

Account for the fact that the compound that has R = H reacts 35 times as fast as the one that has $R = CH_3$. 3+2=5

(d) (i) Give the mechanism of alkaline hydrolysis of the following ester in ordinary water (H_2O^{16}) and indicate the distribution O^{18} is the products in each case.

(I)
$$Ph-C-O^{18}-Et$$

$$O$$

$$II$$

$$O$$

$$II$$

$$(II) Me-C-O^{18}-tbu$$

- (ii) What happens when an acid chloride is treated with excess of diazomethane and the product reacts with *EtoH* in the presence of Ag_2O catalyst?
- (iii) Write the Strecker reaction for preparation of methyl sulphonic acid.

- (iv) How can CH_3CH_2SH be prepared from thiourea? Write the reactions.
- (e) (i) What are active methylene compounds?
 - (ii) Convert EAA to
 - (iii) 7-chloro cyclohepta -1, 3, 5-triene readily forms white AgCl ppt.

 When boiled with AgNO₃ solution but 5-chlorocyclopenta -1, 3-diene does not give reason.
 - (iv) Two dicarboxylic acids have the genral formula

 COOH-CH = CH-COOH.

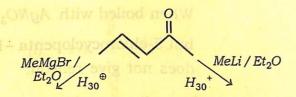
 On treatment with cold dil.

 KMnO₄ solution, they yield two diastereomeric tartaric acids. Show how this information allows one to write the stereochemical formula for two acids.

(f) (i) When an alkyl halide is converted to a Grignard reagent then the carbon atom linked to halogen atom changes its polarity. Justify this statement with an example.

3

(ii) Identify the product/products for the following reaction and offer explanation: 3



(iii) Write the Grignard reagent that is formed when

$$Br - O - CH_2CH_2Br$$

is treated with one mole of Mg in dry ether.

(iv) Why Clemmensen reduction of 4-methyl-5-hydroxyhexan-3-one to 3-methylhexan-2-ol cannot be carried out?