

2019

BOTANY

(Major)

Paper: 6.1

(Molecular Biology and Plant Biochemistry)

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1.	Fill	in the blanks with appropriate words: 1×7=7
	(a)	The theory of inheritance was proposed by in 1941.
	(b)	Left handed helical coiling of DNA molecules is characteristic of
	(c)	Conversion of nitrate to ammonia is a process.
	(d)	Cloned DNA sequence can be physically mapped by



- is the smallest unit of DNA capable of recombination.
- Carbohydrates are ____ of substances that yield such compounds hydrolysis.
- Nomenclature of enzymes are done by the ____.
- Define the following in brief:

2×4=8

- Selfish genes
- Nucleotides and nucleosides
- Pleiotrophic mutation
- Stereoisomerism in carbohydrates
- 3. Write short notes on any three of the following: $5 \times 3 = 15$
 - **Tautomerisation**
 - Genetic code
 - Structural organization of nitrogenase enzyme
 - Pribnow box
 - Nitrate reductase

- 4. Answer any three of the following: 10×3=30
 - (a) What is promoter gene? Explain the mechanism involved in the positive control system for the regulation of gene 2+8=10activity in E. coli lac operon.
 - (b) Explain briefly the point-mutation. Describe the meiotic behaviour of 2+8=10frame-shift mutation.
 - (c) What are amino acids? Give an account of synthesis of amino acids in plants. 2+8=10
 - (d) What are the family of D-ketoses? Explain briefly the physical chemical properties of monosaccharides. 2+8=10
 - (e) What is leader sequence or Shine-Dalgarno (SD) sequence? Describe the differences between transcription and 2+8=10translation.

* * *

A9-5500/712